

Final Text	Answer
Slide #001 - 256 - Question # 1	
<i>Cæsar legiōnēs novās et integrās sæpe exspectāvit ut hostēs facile vinceret.</i>	
Cæsar	
sæpe exspectāvit	
legiōnēs novās et integrās	
ut facile vinceret	
hostēs	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #002 - 256 - Question # 2	
<i>Gallī oppidum vallō altō et fossā lātā mūnīverunt nē Rōmānī id expugnārent.</i>	
Gallī	
mūnīverunt	
oppidum	
vallō altō et fossā lātā	
nē Rōmānī	
id expugnārent	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #003 - 256 - Question # 3	
<i>Lēgātus centuriōnēs et tribūnōs mīlitum appellāvit ut fortiter et diū pugnārent.</i>	
Lēgātus	
appellāvit	
centuriōnēs et tribūnōs mīlitum	
ut pugnārent	
fortiter et diū	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #004 - 256 - Question # 4	
<i>Dūxitne Hannibal omnēs cōpiās trāns lāta flūmina et per montēs altōs ut cum Rōmānīs in Italiā bellum gereret?</i>	
Hannibal	
Dūxitne	
omnēs cōpiās	
trāns lāta flūmina	
et per montēs altōs	
cum Rōmānīs	
in Italiā	
ut bellum gereret	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #005 - 256 - Question # 5	
<i>Jēsūs Chrīstus, Deī Fīlius, in mundum vēnit ut vītam et salūtem nōbīs daret.</i>	
Jēsūs Chrīstus, Deī Fīlius	
vēnit	
in mundum	
ut nōbīs daret	
vītam et salūtem	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #006 - 256 - Question # 6	
<i>Gallī sæpe lēgātōs in castra Cæsarīs mīsērunt ut pācem et amīcitiām peterent.</i>	
Gallī	
sæpe mīsērunt	
lēgātōs	
in castra Cæsarīs	
ut peterent	
pācem et amīcitiām	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #007 - 256 - Question # 7	
<i>Concilium sæpe ab imperātōribus vocātur ut dē rē gravī in conciliō agant.</i>	
Concilium	
sæpe vocātur	
ab imperātōribus	
ut agant	
dē rē gravī	
in conciliō	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #008 - 256 - Question # 8	
<i>laudārent.</i>	
Dux	
dedit	
præmia	
lēgātīs	
ut laudārent	
cōnsilium	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #009 - 257 - Question # 1	
<i>They fought in order to conquer.</i>	
They fought	
in order to conquer	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #010 - 257 - Question # 2	
<i>They assaulted the town in order to take it (by storm).</i>	
They assaulted	
the town	
in order to take it (by storm)	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #011 - 257 - Question # 3	
<i>They seized the bridge to burn it.</i>	
They seized	
the bridge	
to burn	
it	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #012 - 257 - Question # 4	
<i>They came to hear the plan.</i>	
They came	
to hear	
the plan	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #013 - 257 - Question # 5	
<i>They came to see Rome.</i>	
They came	
to see	
Rome	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #014 - 257 - Question # 6	
<i>They prayed in order to be good.</i>	
They prayed	
in order to be good	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #015 - 257 - Question # 7	
<i>They fortify the town lest the enemy storm it.</i>	
They fortify	
the town	
lest the enemy	
storm it	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #016 - 257 - Question # 8	
<i>They warned the chief in order to spare his life.</i>	
They warned	
the chief	
in order to spare	
his life	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #017 - 257 - Question # 9	
<i>power.</i>	
He waged	
war	
in order to seize	
the royal power	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #018 - 257 - Question # 10	
<i>They are yielding lest there be a slaughter.</i>	
They are yielding	
lest there be	
a slaughter	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #019 - 257 - Question # 11	
<i>They stationed horsemen to defend the hill.</i>	
They stationed	
horsemen	
to defend	
the hill	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #020 - 257 - Question # 12	
<i>They handed over the arms in order to preserve peace.</i>	
They handed over	
the arms	
in order to preserve	
peace	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #021 - 257 - Question # 13	
<i>They prepared arms in order to wage war.</i>	
They prepared	
arms	
in order to wage	
war	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #022 - 257 - Question # 14	
<i>The chiefs were dismissed lest the tribes wage war.</i>	
The chiefs	
were dismissed	
lest the tribes	
war	
wage	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #023 - 257 - Question # 15	
<i>He came to kill the king.</i>	
He came	
to kill	
the king	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #024 - 257 - Question # 16	
<i>The soldiers were drawn up to defend the city.</i>	
The soldiers	
were drawn up	
to defend	
the city	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #025 - 257 - Question # 17	
<i>He waited for Caesar in order to conquer the enemy.</i>	
He waited for	
Caesar	
in order to conquer	
the enemy	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #026 - 257 - Question # 18	
<i>He came to seek peace.</i>	
He came	
to seek	
peace	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #027 - 257 - Question # 19	
<i>They assembled to hear the speech.</i>	
They assembled	
to hear	
the speech	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #028 - 257 - Question # 20	
<i>He remained to wait for the chief.</i>	
He remained	
to wait for	
the chief	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #029 - 258 - Question # 1	
<i>ditch lest the enemy should easily take it (by storm).</i>	
The Romans	
fortified	
the camp	
with a wide ditch	
lest the enemy	
should easily take it (by storm)	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #030 - 258 - Question # 2	
<i>Caesar, in the council, often strengthened the courage of the lieutenants and military tribunes in order that they might fight bravely.</i>	
Caesar	
in the council	
often strengthened	
the courage	
of the lieutenants and military tribunes	
in order that they might fight bravely	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #031 - 258 - Question # 3	
<i>They fought bitterly lest the enemy storm the town.</i>	
They fought bitterly	
lest the enemy	
storm	
the town	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #032 - 258 - Question # 4	
<i>After a war were the chiefs and leaders of the enemy often killed by Caesar?</i>	
After a war	
the chiefs and leaders of the enemy	
were (they) often killed	
by Caesar	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #033 - 258 - Question # 5	
<i>The lieutenant held the soldiers in the camp lest the enemy should see the plans.</i>	
The lieutenant	
held	
the soldiers	
in the camp	
lest the enemy	
should see	
the plans	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #034 - 258 - Question # 6	
<i>Caesar stationed soldiers on the bridge lest the enemy should come across the wide river.</i>	
stationed	
Caesar	
soldiers	
on the bridge	
lest the enemy	
should come	
across the wide river	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #035 - Reading #13 - Question # 1	
<i>In hōc1 praeliō multī equitēs occīsī sunt; in2 eīs vir fortis et nōbilis, Pīsō Aquītānus.</i>	
In hōc1 praeliō	
multī equitēs	
occīsī sunt	
in2 eīs	
vir fortis et nōbilis	
Pīsō Aquītānus	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #036 - Reading #13 - Question # 2	
<i>Is amīcus erat Populī Rōmānī.</i>	
Is	
erat	
amīcus	
Populī Rōmānī	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #037 - Reading #13 - Question # 3	
<i>Ējus frāter in praeliō vulnerātus3 erat et ab hostibus premēbātur.</i>	
Ējus frāter	
vulnerātus3 erat	
in praeliō	
et premēbātur	
ab hostibus	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #038 - Reading #13 - Question # 4	
<i>Nōn erat spēs salūtis.</i>	
Nōn erat	
spēs	
salūtis	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #039 - Reading #13 - Question # 5	
<i>Pīsō id vīdit; vīdit frātre[m]; vīdit hostēs.</i>	
Pīsō	
vīdit	
id	
vīdit	
frātre[m]	
vīdit	
hostēs	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #040 - Reading #13 - Question # 6	
<i>adjuvāret.</i>	
Tamen	
contendit	
in hostēs	
ut adjuvāret	
frātre[m]	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #041 - Reading #13 - Question # 7	
<i>Ab hostibus autem circumventus⁴ est atque occīsus est.</i>	
autem circumventus⁴ est	
Ab hostibus	
atque	
occīsus est	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #042 - Reading #13 - Question # 8	
<i>Tum frāter Pīsōnis morte ējus vehementer mōtus est et in hostēs contendit.</i>	
Tum	
frāter Pīsōnis	
vehementer mōtus est	
morte ējus	
et contendit	
in hostēs	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #043 - Reading #13 - Question # 9	
<i>Ācriter pugnāvit; tamen is etiam ab hostibus occīsus est.</i>	
Ācriter pugnāvit	
tamen	
is	
etiam	
occīsus est	
ab hostibus	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #044 - Reading #13 - Question # 10	
<i>Ita occīsī sunt frātrēs fortēs et bonī.</i>	
Ita	
frātrēs fortēs et bonī	
occīsī sunt	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #045 - Reading #13 - Question # 11	
<i>Laudāmusne eōs?</i>	
Laudāmusne	
eōs	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #046 - 260 - Question # 1	
<i>Laudāturne Deus ab omnibus sānctīs?</i>	
Deus	
Laudāturne	
ab omnibus sānctīs	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #047 - 260 - Question # 2	
<i>Gallī sæpe obsidēs inter sē dedērunt ut pācem cōfirmārent.</i>	
Gallī	
sæpe	
inter sē dedērunt	
obsidēs	
ut cōfirmārent	
pācem	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #048 - 260 - Question # 3	
<i>Fortēs propter metum nōn cēdunt.</i>	
Fortēs	
nōn cēdunt	
propter metum	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #049 - 260 - Question # 4	
<i>Cæsar, vir fortis, omnia fortiter ēgit.</i>	
Cæsar	
vir fortis	
fortiter ēgit	
omnia	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #050 - 260 - Question # 5	
<i>Cæsar multa bella gessit ut imperātor et prīnceps esset.</i>	
Cæsar	
gessit	
multa bella	
ut esset	
imperātor et prīnceps	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #051 - 260 - Question # 6	
<i>Adjuvatne Deus fortēs?</i>	
Deus	
Adjuvatne	
fortēs	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #052 - 260 - Question # 7	
<i>Nostrī fortiter et ācriter semper pugnant ut liberam cīvitatē nostram cōservent.</i>	
Nostrī	
semper pugnant	
fortiter et ācriter	
ut cōservent	
liberam cīvitatē nostram	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #053 - 260 - Question # 8	
<i>Fortēs fortūna adjuvat.</i>	
fortūna	
adjuvat	
Fortēs	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #054 - 260 - Question # 9	
<i>Nostrī cessērunt nē magna cædēs esset.</i>	
Nostrī	
cessērunt	
nē esset	
magna cædēs	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #055 - 260 - Question # 10	
<i>Omnia virtūte agō ut bonus servus Chrīstī sim.</i>	
agō	
Omnia	
virtūte	
ut sim	
bonus servus Chrīstī	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #056 - 260 - Question # 11	
<i>Lēgātus in agrōs statim contendit nē longē ā praeliō abesset.</i>	
Lēgātus	
statim contendit	
in agrōs	
nē abesset	
longē ā praeliō	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #057 - 260 - Question # 12	
<i>sustinent.</i>	
Sānctī	
sustinent	
labōrēs gravēs	
propter Chrīstum	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #058 - 260 - Question # 13	
<i>Hostēs equitēs in aciem statim mīsērunt ut ordinēs nostrōrum perturbārent.</i>	
Hostēs	
statim mīsērunt	
equitēs	
in aciem	
ordinēs nostrōrum	
ut perturbārent	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #059 - 260 - Question # 14	
<i>Prīncipēs obsidēs inter sē dabant ut pāx in Galliā esset.</i>	
Prīncipēs	
inter sē dabant	
obsidēs	
ut esset	
pāx in Galliā	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #060 - 260 - Question # 15	
<i>Prīncipēs Galliæ semper inter sē dē imperiō omnis Galliæ contendēbant.</i>	
Prīncipēs	
Galliæ	
semper contendēbant	
inter sē	
dē imperiō	
omnis Galliæ	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #061 - 260 - Question # 16	
<i>Erat iter et difficile et angustum inter montēs et flūmen.</i>	
Erat	
iter	
et difficile et angustum	
inter	
montēs et flūmen	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #062 - 260 - Question # 17	
<i>Ducēs inter sē in conciliō dē rē gravī agunt.</i>	
Ducēs	
agunt	
inter sē	
in conciliō	
dē rē gravī	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #063 - 261 - Question # 1	
<i>Meanwhile the cavalry were sent by the general into the territory of the enemy to find out their plans.</i>	
Meanwhile	
the cavalry	
were sent	
by the general	
into the territory of the enemy	
to find out	
their plans	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #064 - 261 - Question # 2	
<i>The Romans often fortified the camp with a wall lest the Gauls take it (by storm).</i>	
The Romans	
often fortified	
the camp	
with a wall	
lest the Gauls	
take it (by storm)	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #065 - 261 - Question # 3	
<i>The Gauls strengthened peace by means of hostages.</i>	
The Gauls	
strengthened	
peace	
by means of hostages	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #066 - 261 - Question # 4	
<i>Cavalry were immediately sent against the enemy in order to disturb their ranks.</i>	
Cavalry	
were immediately sent	
against the enemy	
in order to disturb	
their ranks	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #067 - 261 - Question # 5	
<i>They often exchanged hostages that they might preserve peace and friendship.</i>	
They often exchanged	
hostages	
that they might preserve	
peace and friendship	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #068 - 261 - Question # 6	
<i>assembled at once</i>	
A council assembled in the town at once in order that the chiefs might treat among themselves about peace and war.	
A council	
in the town	
in order that the chiefs might treat	
among themselves	
about peace and war	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #069 - Reading #14 - Question # 1	
<i>Gallī obsidēs inter sē sæpe dedērunt ut amīcitiam et pācem cōfirmārent.</i>	
Gallī	
inter sē sæpe dedērunt	
obsidēs	
ut cōfirmārent	
amīcitiam et pācem	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #070 - Reading #14 - Question # 2	
<i>Itaque per obsidēs amīcitia cōfirmāta est atque ita pāx in Galliā est cōfirmāta.</i>	
Itaque	
amīcitia	
cōfirmāta est	
per obsidēs	
atque ita	
pāx	
est cōfirmāta	
in Galliā	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #071 - Reading #14 - Question # 3	
<i>Gallī sæpe obsidēs etiam Rōmānīs dedērunt ut fidem cōfirmārent.</i>	
sæpe dedērunt	
obsidēs	
Gallī	
Rōmānīs	
etiam	
ut cōfirmārent	
fidem	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #072 - Reading #14 - Question # 4	
<i>Rōmānī autem obsidēs Gallīs nōn dedērunt, nam, omnis Galliæ imperiī cupidī, gentēs Galliæ armīs et virtūte vīcerant.</i>	
Rōmānī autem	
nōn dedērunt	
obsidēs	
Gallīs	
nam	
imperiī cupidī	
omnis Galliæ	
vīcerant	
gentēs Galliæ	
armīs et virtūte	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #073 - Reading #14 - Question # 5	
<i>Itaque Gallī Rōmānōs timēbant et cum eīs bella sæpe gessērunt nē obsidēs eīs darent.</i>	
Itaque	
Gallī	
timēbant	
Rōmānōs	
cum eīs	
et bella sæpe gessērunt	
nē darent	
obsidēs eīs	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #074 - Reading #14 - Question # 6	
<i>Obsidēs autem puerī et virī et mātērēs et patrēs erant.</i>	
Obsidēs autem	
erant	
puerī et virī et mātērēs et patrēs	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #075 - Reading #14 - Question # 7	
<i>Sæpe etiam erant filiī prīncipum et rēgum Gallōrum.</i>	
Sæpe etiam erant	
filiī prīncipum	
et rēgum Gallōrum	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #076 - Reading #14 - Question # 8	
<i>Liberī autem nōn erant obsidēs.</i>	
autem	
obsidēs	
nōn erant	
Liberī	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #077 - Reading #14 - Question # 9	
<i>Eōs enim Rōmānī in castrīs et hibernīs et oppidīs tenēbant ut propter eōrum salūtem Gallī pācem servārent.</i>	
enim Rōmānī	
Eōs tenēbant	
in castrīs	
et hibernīs et oppidīs	
ut	
propter eōrum salūtem	
Gallī	
servārent	
pācem	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #078 - Reading #14 - Question # 10	
<i>Itaque obsidēs sæpe miserī erant.</i>	
Itaque obsidēs	
sæpe miserī erant	
Complete Translation:	
Slide #079 - Reading #14 - Question # 11	
<i>Nam, sī1 post pācem Gallī bellum cum Rōmānīs gessērunt, Rōmānī omnēs eōrum obsidēs occidēbant ut postea2 Gallī propter metum fidem servārent.</i>	
Nam	
sī1 post pācem	
Gallī bellum gessērunt	
cum Rōmānīs	
Rōmānī	
occidēbant	
omnēs eōrum obsidēs	
ut postea2	
Gallī	
fidem servārent	
propter metum	
Complete Translation:	

Final Text	Answer
Slide #080 - Reading #14 - Question # 12	
<i>Ita Gallī cæde obsidum sæpe territī sunt et bellum cum Rōmānīs sæpe nōn gessērunt ut obsidum vītās cōservārent.</i>	
Ita	
Gallī	
sæpe territī sunt	
cæde obsidum	
et bellum sæpe nōn gessērunt	
cum Rōmānīs	
ut cōservārent	
obsidum vītās	
Complete Translation:	